# **Inclusive Jet Cross Section Measurement at LHC-ATLAS experiment**

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#### **ATLAS experiment at LHC**

- LHC : proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$
- ATLAS calorimeter



#### **Inclusive Jet Cross Section**

- Cross section of jet production
  - Probe for perturbative QCD in the large phase space
  - Sensitivity to parton distribution functions (PDFs)

- Measurement in ATLAS
  - Kinematic range
    - □ |y| < 4.4
    - 20 GeV  $< p_T < 1.5$  TeV
  - High  $p_T \rightarrow$  New region
  - Low  $p_T \rightarrow Soft QCD$
  - High y  $\rightarrow$  high/low-x PDFs



#### Data sets

- 2010 collision data  $\int L dt = 37 \text{pb}^{-1}$ 
  - Minimum bias trigger
    - Triggered by a hit on scintillators at end-cap.
    - For measurement at low  $p_T (p_T \le 60 \text{ GeV})$
    - Collected at the very beginning of the data taking: L < 1nb<sup>-1</sup>
      - Low instantaneous luminosity
      - Negligible pile up
  - Central and/or forward jet triggers
    - For measurement at medium high  $p_T$

### Jet Reconstruction

- Input: 3D topological cluster
  - Seeded by a calorimeter cell with  $E > 4 \sigma_{noise}$
- anti-k<sub>T</sub> algorithm
  - Cone-like shape
    → Good for calibration
  - Infrared and collinear safe
    → Comparison with NLO pQCD

Cacciari, Salam, Soyez: JHEP 0804:063, 2008

p [GeV]

anti-k, R=1

• R=0.4, 0.6

• Different contribution of non-perturbative effect.

# Jet Energy Scale Uncertainties

- JES uncertainty is determined from;
  - Calorimeter response to single particles
    - test beam results
    - in-situ E/p response
  - Detector simulation variation
  - Event generator variation
  - In-situ intercalibration for  $|\eta| > 0.8$  using dijet balance
- < 2.5% at the central region for  $p_T \sim O(100)$  GeV
- 13% in the forward region.

← Dominated by modeling of soft physics. (Considered in intercalibration)



#### Jet Energy Scale Uncertainties - 2

- JES calibration is validated using in-situ methods.
  - photon-jet balances
  - multi-jet balance
    - Balance between the leading jet and the rest jets.

0<| *η* |<1.2



- comparison of calorimeter energy and track momentum.
- → Differences between data and MC are well within JES uncertainty.



#### **Unfolding for detector effects**

- Data distributions should be corrected for
  - Detector effect (resolutions, jet reconstruction inefficiencies)
  - Restoring to truth particle level (muon, neutrinos)
- Bin-by-bin correction was used.

$$C_i = \frac{N_{\text{reco.in i-bin}}}{N_{\text{true in i-bin}}}$$

- Requires good description of data by MC
  - Jet shape is reasonably well described even at 2.8<|y|<3.6.</li>
     Jet shape in the central region; Phys. Rev. D83 052003, 2011
- → MC/Data difference is treated as source of systematic uncertainties.



#### **Systematic Uncertainties**

Following sources in the systematic uncertainties are considered.

- Jet energy scale
- Unfolding uncertainty
  - Jet energy resolution
  - Jet angular resolution
  - MC Shape

- Jet cleaning efficiency
- Trigger efficiency
- Jet reconstruction

ATLAS-CONF-2011-047

$p_{\rm T}$ [GeV]	y	Abs. JES	Unfolding	Cleaning	Trigger	Jet Rec.
20	2.1-2.8	$^{+40\%}_{-30\%}$	20%	0.5%	1%	2%
20	3.6-4.4	$^{+80\%}_{-50\%}$	20%	0.5%	1%	2%
100	< 0.3	10%	2%	0.5%	1%	1%

Table 1: Summary of systematic uncertainties on the inclusive jet cross section measurement for representative  $p_T$  and y regions for anti- $k_t$  jets with R = 0.6.

Uncertainty of luminosity measurement: 3.4%

#### **Theoretical predictions**

- NLO pQCD prediction + Non-perturbative corrections
  - pQCD predictions

NLOJET++ (Calculated using APPLGRID)

Uncertainties: PDF uncertainties,  $\alpha_{\rm S}$ ,  $\mu_{\rm F}$ ,  $\mu_{\rm R}$ 

- Non-perturbative effects
  - Hadronization effect
  - Underlying event

Correction factors from MC C

$$C = \frac{\sigma_{Had.ON,UE\,ON}}{\sigma_{Had.OFF,UE\,OFF}}$$

- Matrix element + Parton shower
  - NLO ME + PS :
  - PS + Hadronization + Underlying event:

PowHeg Pythia, Herwig

#### **Measured cross sections**



- The inclusive jet cross section is measured for 20 GeV  $< p_T < 1.5$  TeV.
- The measurement proves perturbative QCD over 10 orders of magnitude in cross sections.

## **Comparison with several PDFs**

anti-k, R=0.4



- Comparison of CTEQ6.6, MSTW2008, NNPDF2.1 and HERAPDF1.5, in ratios to theory prediction with CTEQ6.6.
- All of them are in good agreement with measured cross sections.

# **Comparison with PowHeg**



- Comparison with predictions from NLO pQCD calculation and PowHeg calculations.
- PowHeg predictions are consistent with the measured cross section within uncertainties.

#### **Towards 2011 measurements**

ATLAS has collected

•  $L = 250 \text{ nb}^{-1}$  data of sqrt(s)=2.76 TeV *pp* collision data.

 $\rightarrow$  Ratio to 2010 measurement will give precise information on QCD.

•  $L = 2 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ of sqrt}(s) = 7 \text{ TeV } pp \text{ collision data.}$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Extending the measurement to the higher  $p_T$  region.





Dijet event with the two leading jets with  $(p_T, y)$  of (1.9 TeV, -0.2) and (1.7 TeV, 0.2)

#### **Summary**

Inclusive jet cross section has measured using ATLAS detector with full 2010 data of  $L = 37 \text{pb}^{-1}$ .

• The measurement covers the large kinematic region of  $20 \text{ GeV} < p_T < 1.5 \text{ TeV}, |y| < 4.4$ 

Test of perturbative QCD in the TeV region.

 $\rightarrow$  Good agreement with pQCD predictions is seen.

- Comparison with several PDFs.
- Comparison with NLO matrix elements + parton shower.

Would be a new input for PDF determination.

### Backup

#### Comparison with several PDFs (R=0.6)



#### Comparison with PowHeg (R=0.6)

