

Discovery potential and possible study after discovery

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Outline

- **SUSY discovery potential**
 - Introduction
 - Software and dataset
 - Result in mSUGRA
- **Inclusive study after discovery**
 - Introduction / Motivation
 - Software and dataset
 - Studied variables
- **Summary and Outlook**

SUSY Discovery Potential

in mSUGRA ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$)

Introduction

At discovery phase

- SUSY signature will be searched by inclusive way, so called 0,1 and 2-lepton mode.
- Background should be estimated using real data.
(these uncertainties are not available now)

Show result with optimized 0,1 and 2-lepton mode analyses
for the integrated luminosity of 30fb^{-1} including systematic
uncertainties of background event generation.

More detailed report (for $L=1\text{fb}^{-1}$) was presented by Kenta.
<http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=7748>

Data sample & Selection

Data Sample

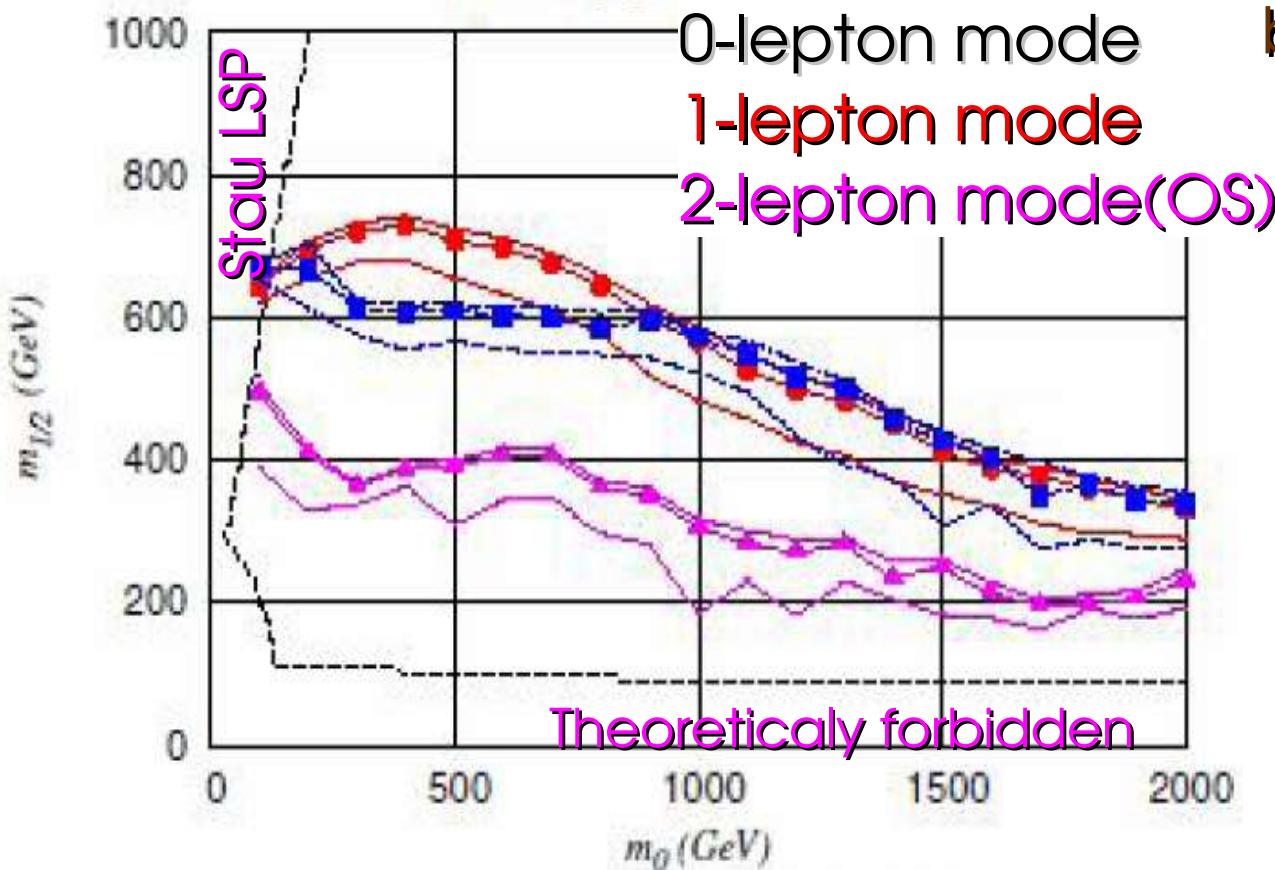
- SUSY signal event generation : ISAJET7.71 + Jimmy
- Background event generation : Alpgen2.05 + Jimmy
- Fast simulation : Atlfast (rel11.0.5)

Optimized selection

variable	standard cut	scan (min, max, step)
MET	$> \max(100\text{GeV}, 0.2M_{\text{eff}})$	(100,1000,100) GeV
# of jets	≥ 4	
$P_T^{\text{jet}(1^{\text{st}})}$	$> 100\text{GeV}$	(50,500,50) GeV
$P_T^{\text{jet}(4^{\text{th}})}$	$> 50\text{GeV}$	(50,500,50) GeV
S_T	> 0.2	(0.1,0.3,0.1)
M_T	$> 100\text{GeV(w lepton)}$	

Discovery Potential ($L=1\text{fb}^{-1}, \tan\beta=10$)

$\tan\beta = 10$ ($L=1\text{fb}^{-1}$)



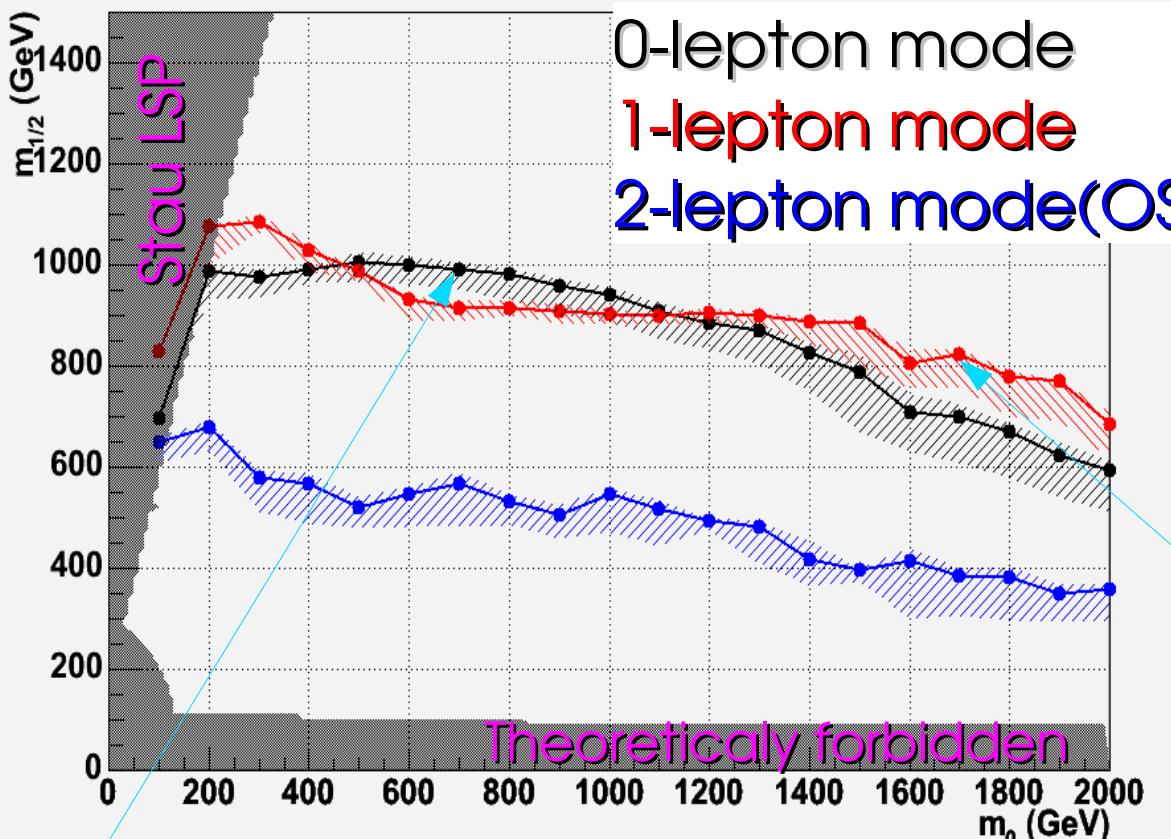
Presented at the last
SUSY meeting (21/02)
by Kenta.

Definition of discovery
 $S \geq 10 \text{ && } S / \sqrt{B} \geq 5$

Discovery would be possible up to MSUSY~1.4TeV
with the integrated luminosity of 1fb^{-1}

Discovery Potential ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$, $\tan\beta=10$)

$\tan\beta = 10$ ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$)



Definition of discovery
 $S \geq 10 \text{ && } S / \sqrt{B} \geq 5$

hatched region presents
bkg uncertainties

$(m_0, m_{1/2}) = (1700, 800)$
 $m(\tilde{g}) = 1.8\text{TeV}$
 $m(\tilde{q}) = 2.3\text{TeV}$

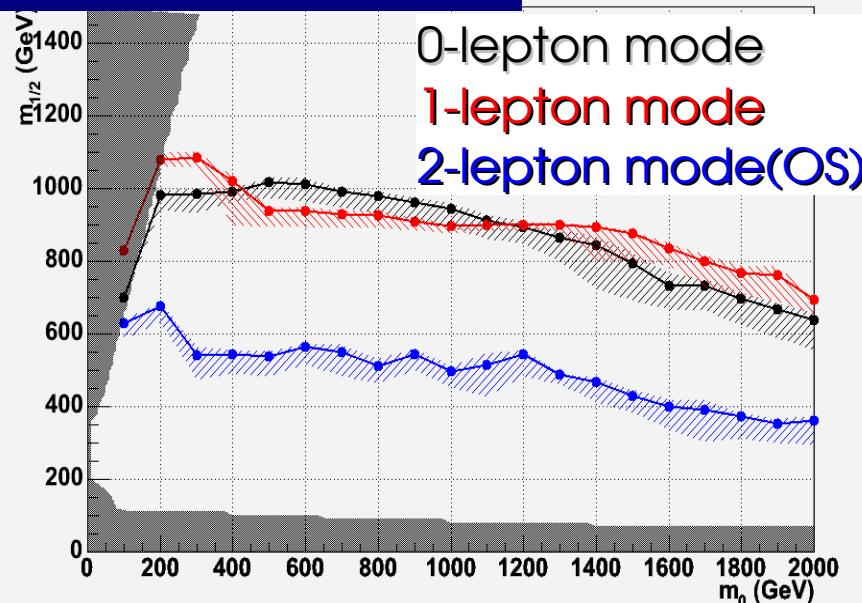
$(m_0, m_{1/2}) = (700, 1000)$

$m(\tilde{g}) = 2.2\text{TeV}$
 $m(\tilde{q}) = 2.0\text{TeV}$

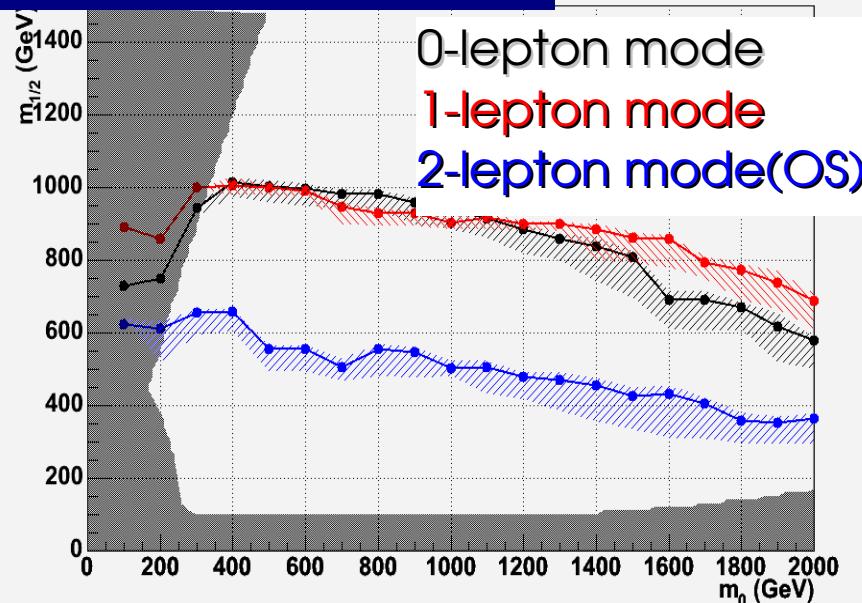
1-lepton mode has better sensitivity than
0-lepton mode at small/large m_0 .

Discovery Potential ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$)

$\tan\beta = 5$ ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$)

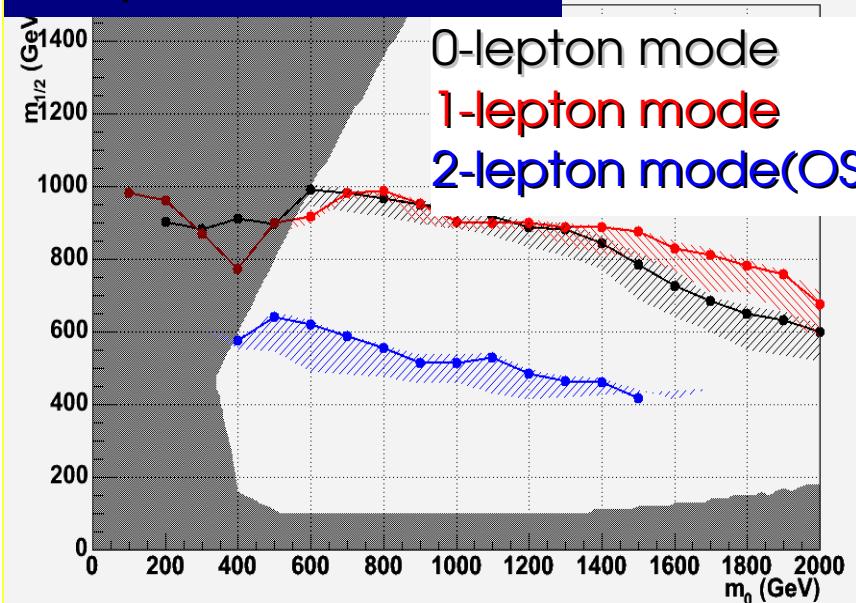


$\tan\beta = 30$ ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$)



- Less $\tan\beta$ dependency
- 1-lepton mode slightly better sensitivity than 0-lepton mode at small/large m_0

$\tan\beta = 50$ ($L=30\text{fb}^{-1}$)



Inclusive study of SUSY signature

(after discovery)

Discovery of SUSY-like signature

Once we see excess ...

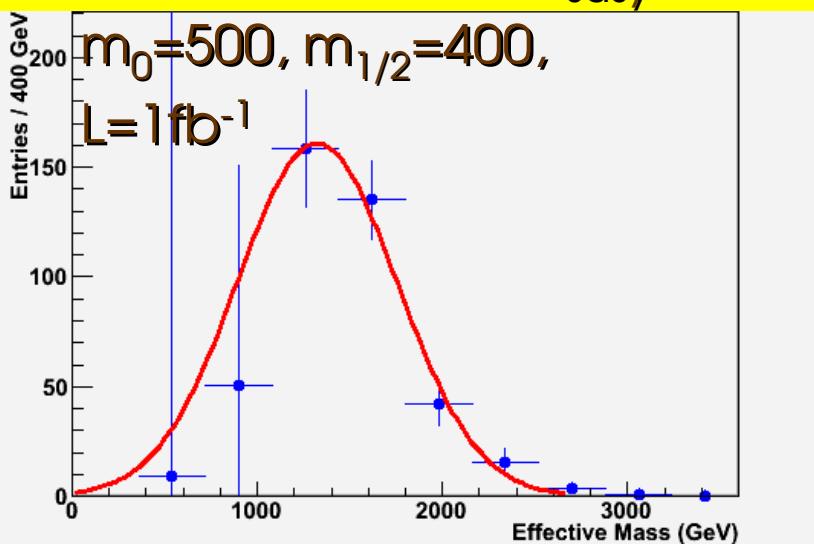
We start inclusive search of SUSY-like signature by

- 0-lepton mode
- 1-lepton mode
- 2-lepton mode (OS/SS)
- di-jet mode

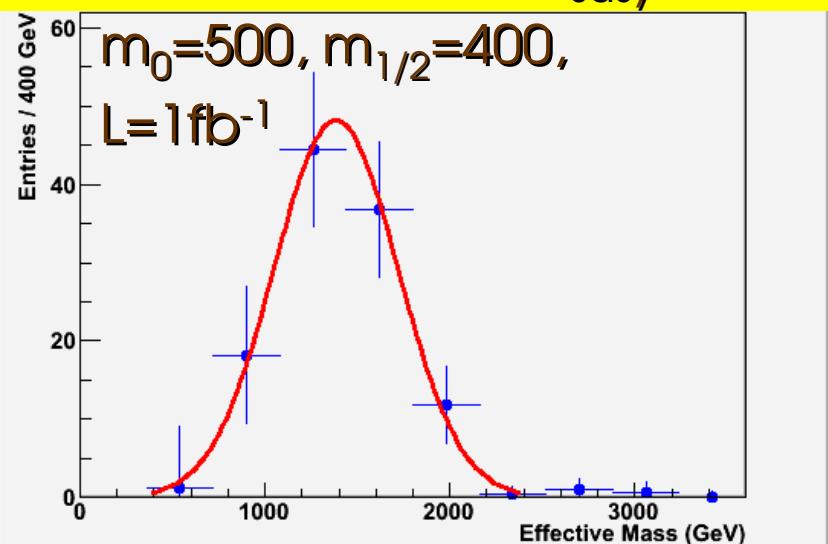
... and more

Hope we can control background with good accuracy and may see excess in some(all?) analyses.

M_{eff} : 0-lepton ($M_{\text{susy}} = 1 \text{ TeV}$)



M_{eff} : 1-lepton ($M_{\text{susy}} = 1 \text{ TeV}$)

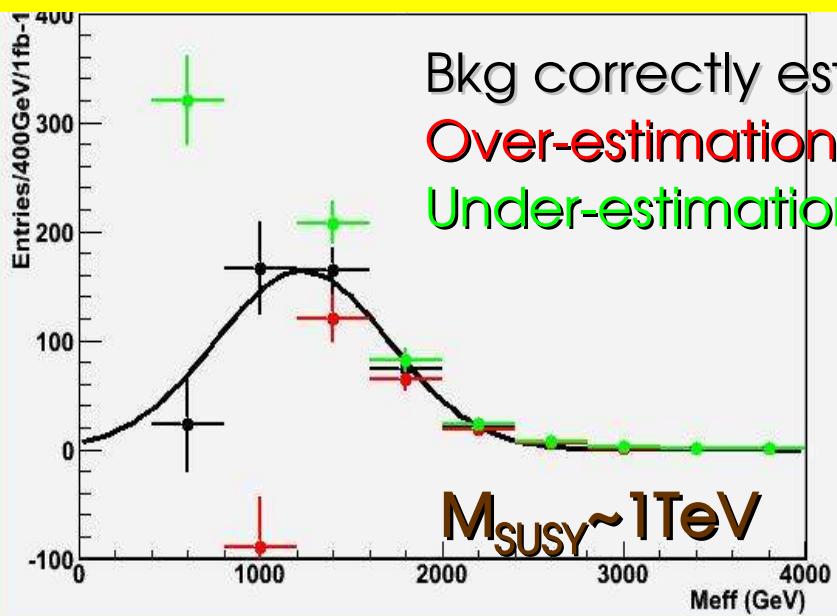


What can we do next?

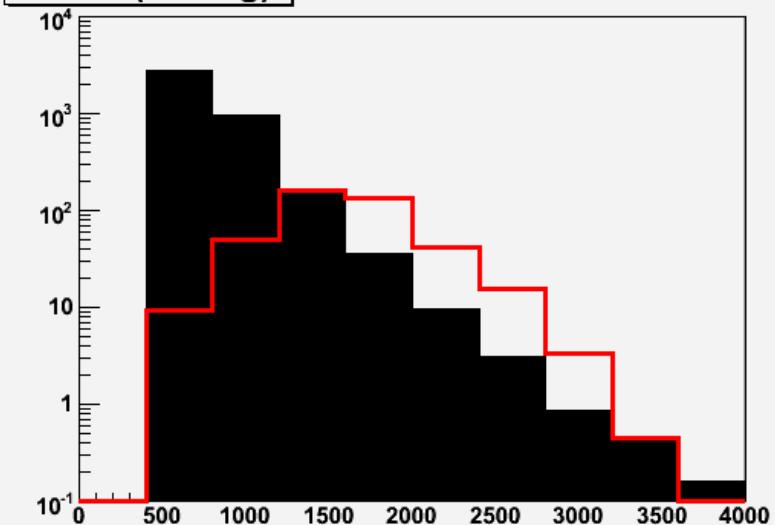
Once we see excess .., (2)

- Background estimation is crucial to get correct SUSY mass scale.

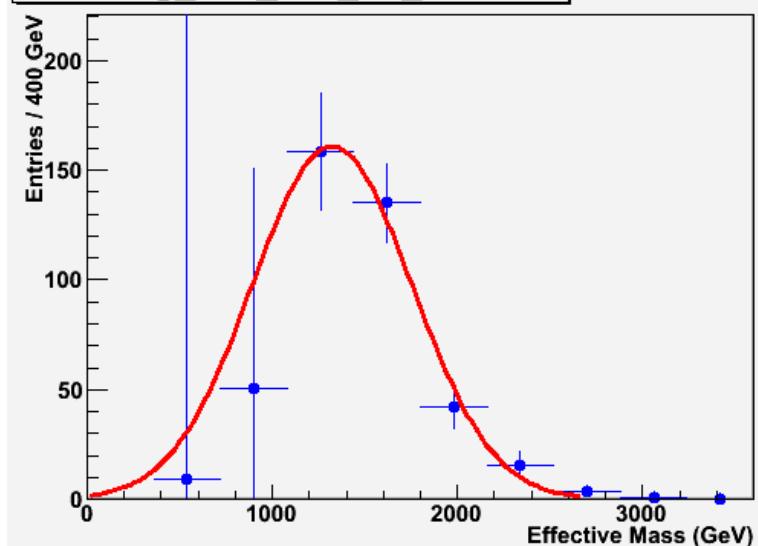
Effective Mass (1fb^{-1}) : 0-lepton



MEFF (all bkg)



subBkg_500_400_L1_mode0



- Need different cut optimization to know SUSY event topology with less effect from background

Inclusive SUSY signature

(A) Light sneutrino/slepton

UPL->W1SS/Z2SS

->SNU+L, SLEP+N/SLEP+L

>> Lepton rich event

(B) Light Stop/Sbottom

GLSS->TP1

->W2SS-> W1SS+Z / Z2SS+W

>> Lepton/b-jet rich event

(C) Direct decay

UPR->Z1SS

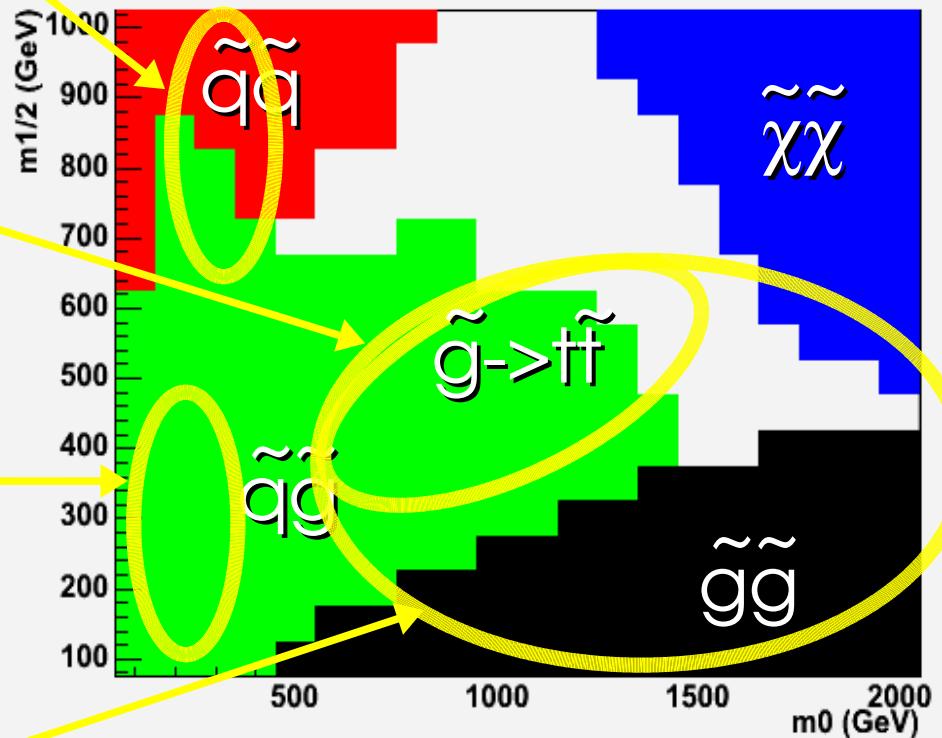
>> Lepton poor event

(D) gluino production/decay

GLSS->WnSS/ZnSS + qq

>> Multi-jet like event

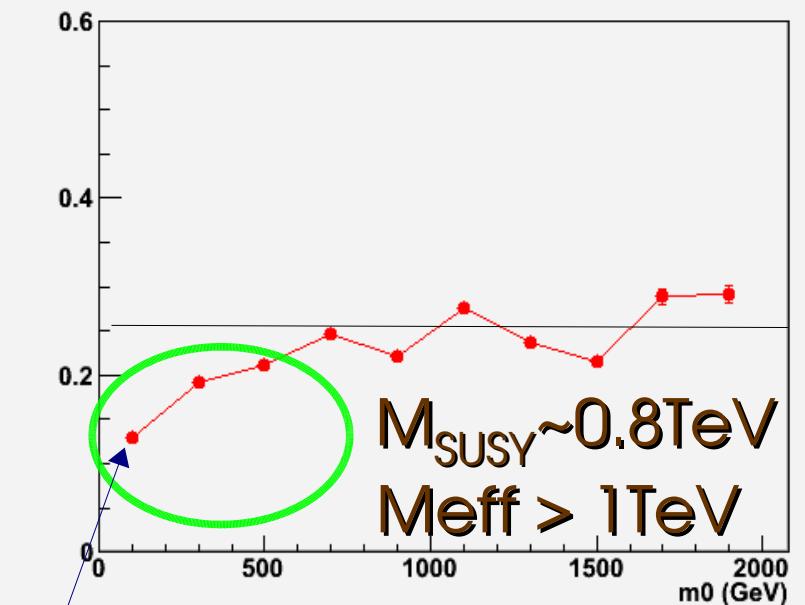
Major production



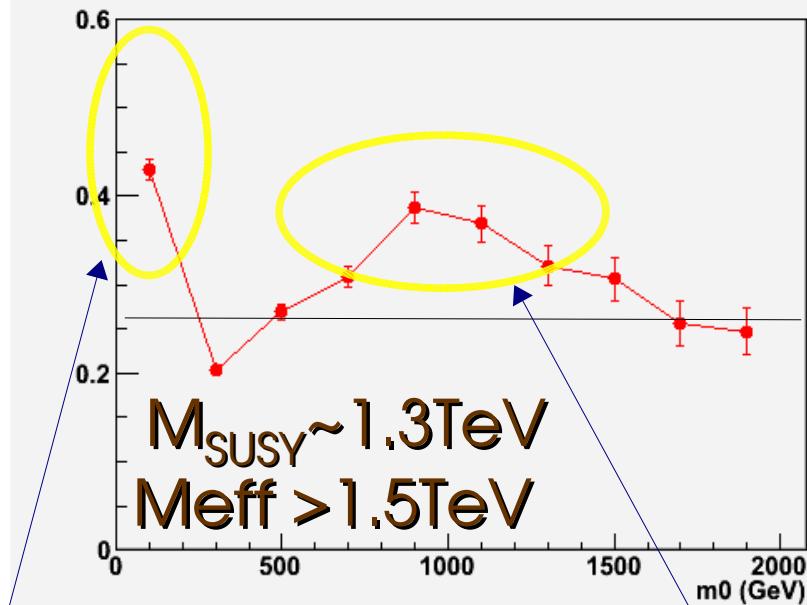
Lepton Richness

$$\langle R_{\text{lep}}^{1/0} \rangle (= N_{(=1)} / N_{(=0)})$$

$m_{1/2}=300 \text{ GeV} (M_{\text{susy}} \sim 0.8 \text{ TeV})$



$m_{1/2}=500 \text{ GeV} (M_{\text{susy}} \sim 1.3 \text{ TeV})$



$\text{BR}(\text{UPL} \rightarrow \text{W1SS+UP}) \sim 64\%$

$\text{BR}(\text{W1SS} \rightarrow \text{STAU+NUT}) \sim 63\%$

$\text{BR}(\text{UPL} \rightarrow \text{W1SS+UP}) \sim 65\%$

$\text{BR}(\text{W1SS} \rightarrow \text{SLEP+L}) \sim 38\%$

$\text{BR}(\text{GLSS} \rightarrow \text{ST} + \text{T}) \sim 95\%$

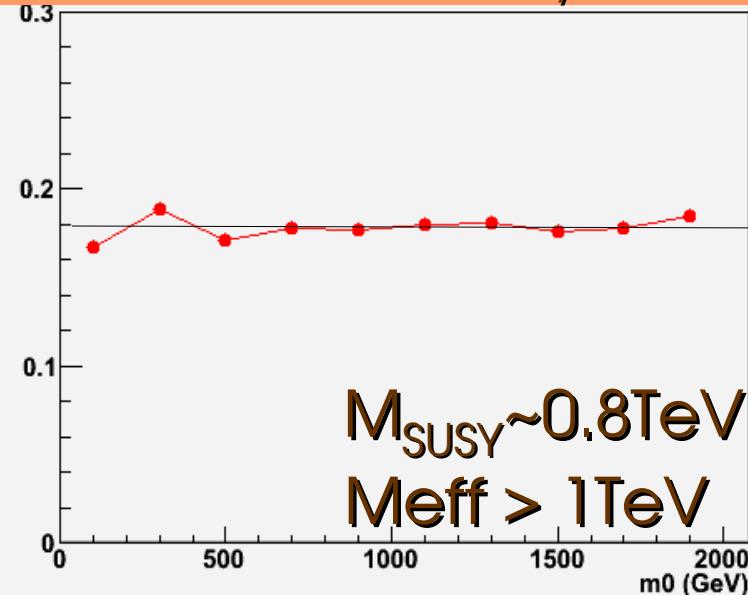
With statistic errors of signal ONLY ($L=30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

b-jet Richness

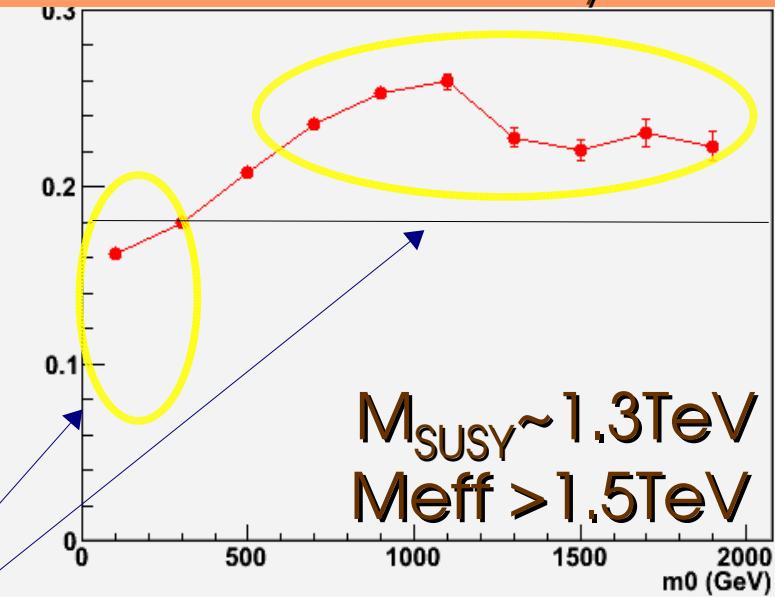
Atlfast btag :
 $\epsilon_b = 60\%$, $R_c = 10$, $R_u = 100$

$$\langle R_{ptb} \rangle (= \sum |p_T(b\text{-jet})| / \sum |p_T(\text{jet})|)$$

$m_{1/2} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ ($M_{\text{susy}} \sim 0.8 \text{ TeV}$)



$m_{1/2} = 500 \text{ GeV}$ ($M_{\text{susy}} \sim 1.3 \text{ TeV}$)



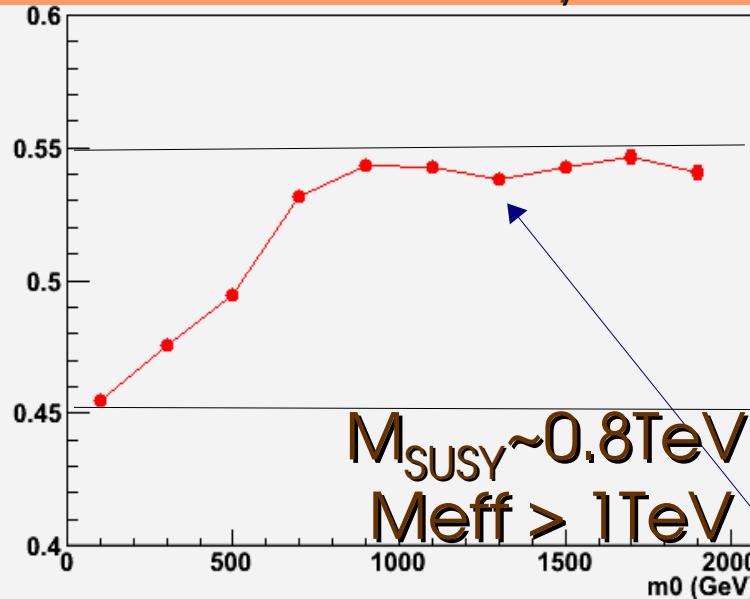
Ambiguity of lepton source is possible be solved
with help of b-jet information

With statistic errors of signal ONLY ($L=30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

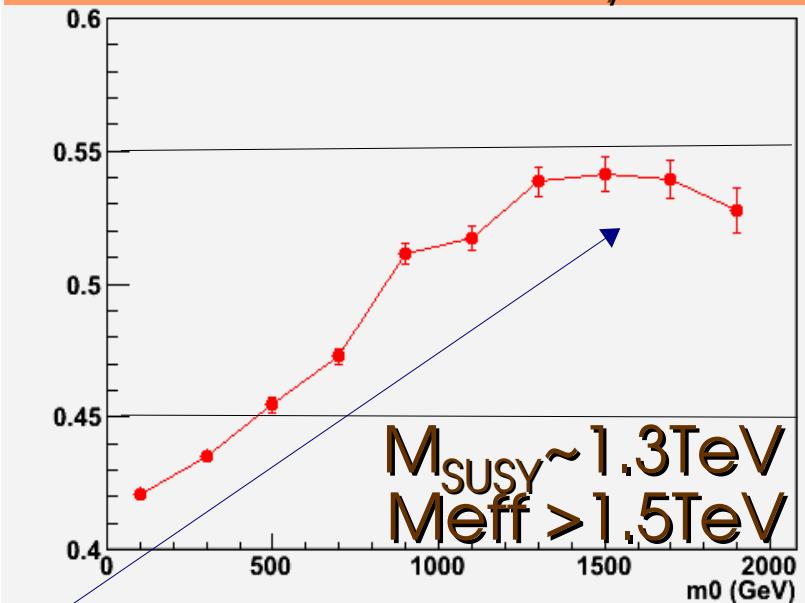
Multi-jet likeness

$\langle R_{12} \rangle$ (= $p_T(2\text{nd}) / p_T(1^{\text{st}})$ in each hemisphere)

$m_{1/2}=300 \text{ GeV} (M_{\text{susy}} \sim 0.8 \text{ TeV})$



$m_{1/2}=500 \text{ GeV} (M_{\text{susy}} \sim 1.3 \text{ TeV})$



gluino-gluino production is dominant

With statistic errors of signal ONLY ($L=30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

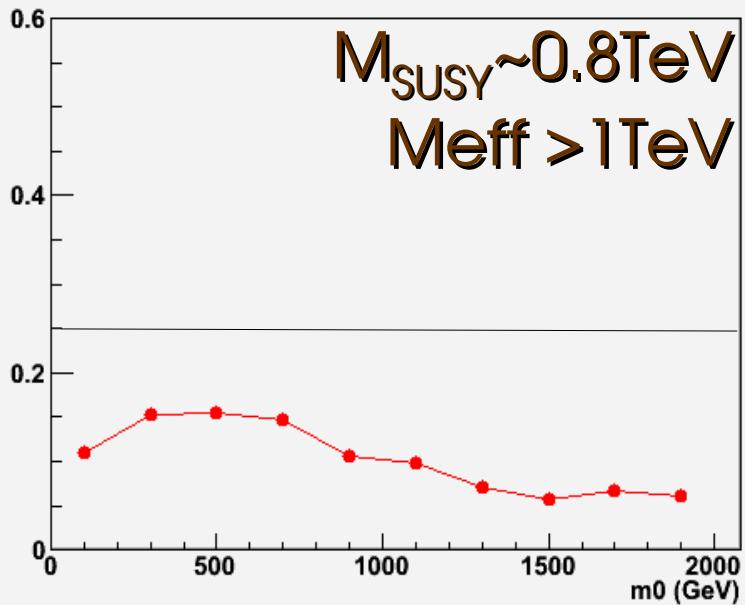
For hemisphere algorithm,
see <http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=7748>

Lepton Richness + background

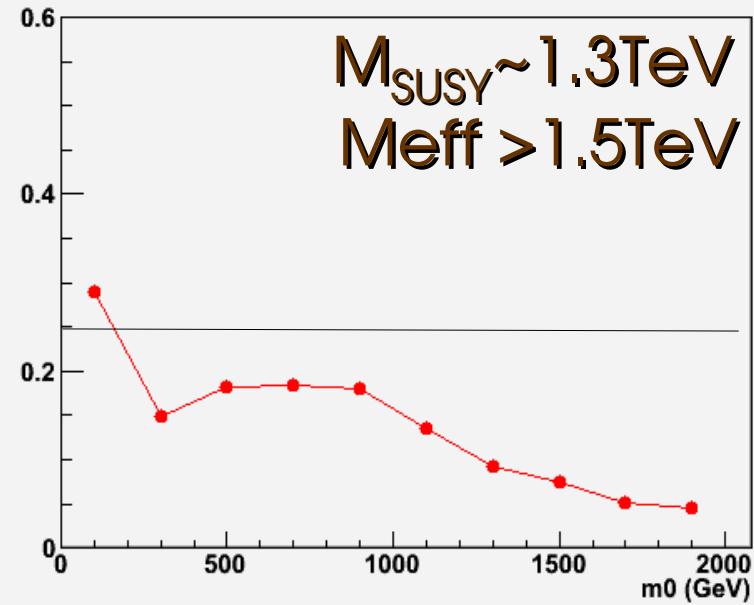
Ofcourse it is not easy in real life due to background...

$$\langle R_{\text{lep}}^{1/0} \rangle (= N_{(=1)} / N_{(=0)})$$

$m_{1/2}=300 \text{ GeV}$ ($M_{\text{susy}} \sim 0.8 \text{ TeV}$)



$m_{1/2}=500 \text{ GeV}$ ($M_{\text{susy}} \sim 1.3 \text{ TeV}$)



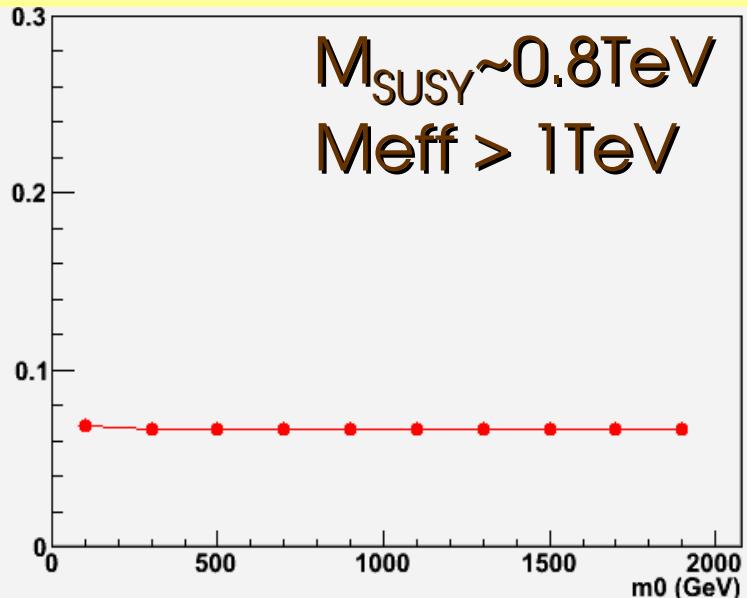
With statistic errors of signal + bkg ($L=30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) together including systematic uncertainties of bkg estimation

b-jet Richness , R12 + background...

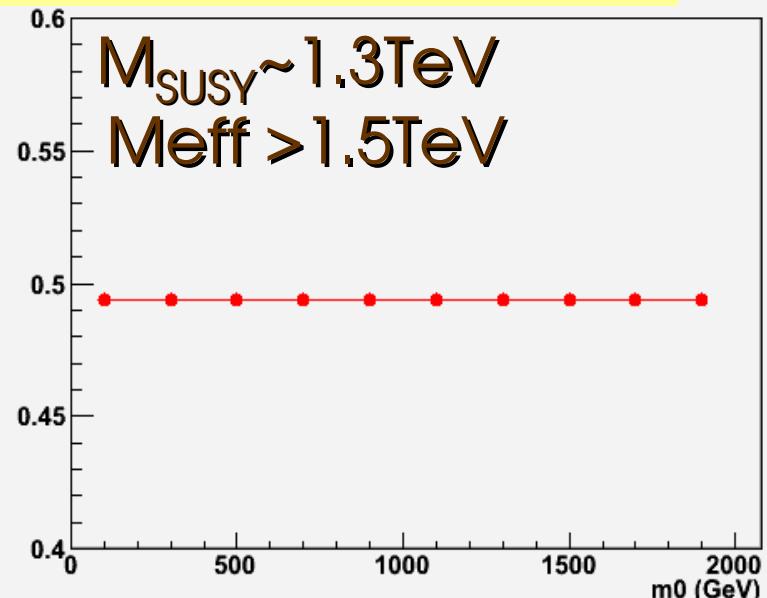
Again... only see event shape of SM background...

$m_{1/2} = 300 \text{ GeV}$ ($M_{\text{susy}} \sim 0.8 \text{ TeV}$)

$\langle R_{ptb} \rangle$ ($= \sum |\vec{p}_T(\text{b-jet})| / \sum |\vec{p}_T(\text{jet})|$)



$\langle R_{12} \rangle$ ($= p_T(\text{2nd}) / p_T(\text{1st})$)



With statistic errors of signal + bkg ($L=30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) together including systematic uncertainties of bkg estimation

Summary and Outlook

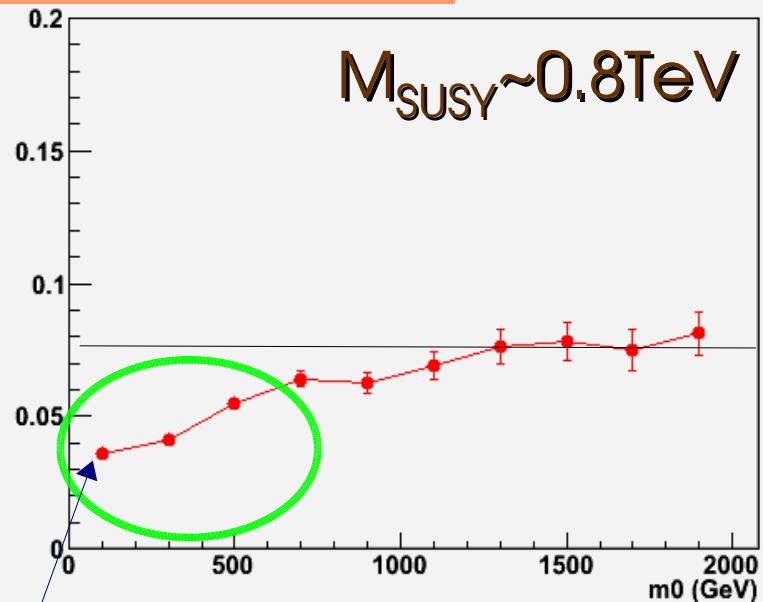
- Study the discovery potential with optimized selections under assumption of mSUGRA
 - Sensitivity does not depend on tanB so much.
 - Discovery potential up to $m(g) \sim 2$ TeV with the integrated luminosity of 30fb^{-1} .
- Investigate possible study after discovery of SUSY-like signature and before nominal luminosity run
 - lepton/b-jet richness as well as multi-jet likeness would be useful to get hint on production and decay.
 - Removing dilution from background is crucial.
Try to optimize cut and estimate event variables of SM...

Backup Slides

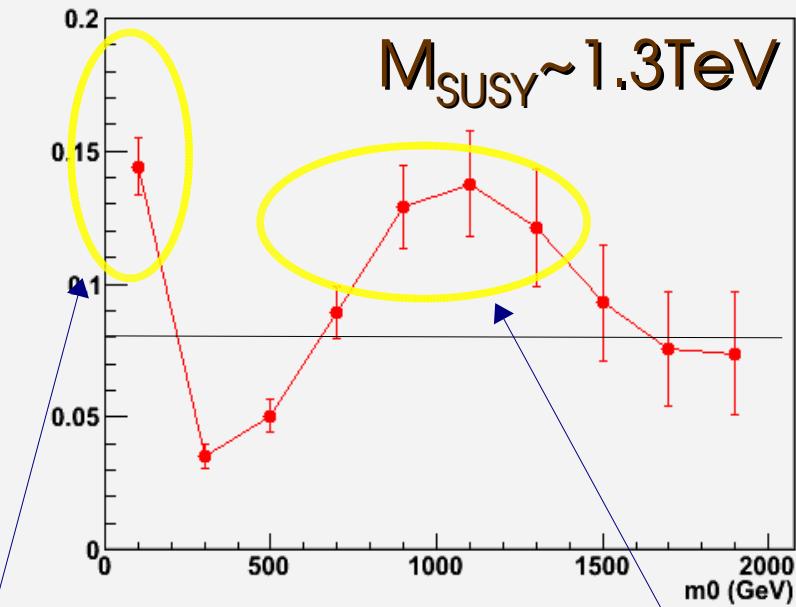
Lepton Richness (3)

$$\langle R_{\text{lep}}^{2/0} \rangle \quad (= N_{(=2)} / N_{(=0)})$$

$m_{1/2}=300 \text{ GeV}$



$m_{1/2}=500 \text{ GeV}$



$\text{BR}(\text{UPL} \rightarrow \text{W1SS+UP}) \sim 64\%$
 $\text{BR}(\text{W1SS} \rightarrow \text{STAU+NUT}) \sim 63\%$

$\text{BR}(\text{UPL} \rightarrow \text{W1SS+UP}) \sim 65\%$
 $\text{BR}(\text{W1SS} \rightarrow \text{SLEP+L}) \sim 38\%$
 $\text{BR}(\text{GLSS} \rightarrow \text{ST + T}) \sim 95\%$

Signal ONLY ($L=10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) with statistic errors