## Integration of GRACE and PYTHIA

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## Collaboration between Atlas-Japan and Minami-Tateya to develop event generators for hadron collider experiments: LHC (pp) and Tevatron ( $\overline{p}p$ )

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by the Minami-Tateya group

Automatic generation of Feynman diagrams and **FORTRAN codes** for calculating the cross sections based on their **amplitudes** 

including cross-section integration and event generation tools BASES/SPRING

**⇒** general-purpose event-generator generation framework

powerful for **multi-body** production processes e.g., grc4f for LEP2

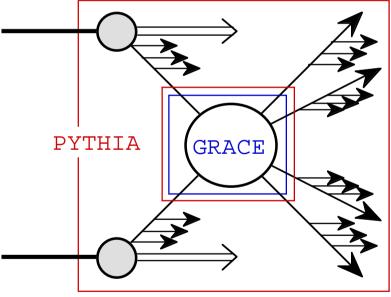
## GRACE for hadron collisions

**Multi-particle productions** will become more important at future (higher energy) hadron colliders; multiple **heavy-particle** (*W*/*Z*, top, *H*) production, cascade decay of **SUSY** particles e.g., pp (or  $p\overline{p}$ )  $\rightarrow b\overline{b}H^0 + X \rightarrow b\overline{b}b\overline{b} + X$ 5 (9) processes and 144 (240) diagrams

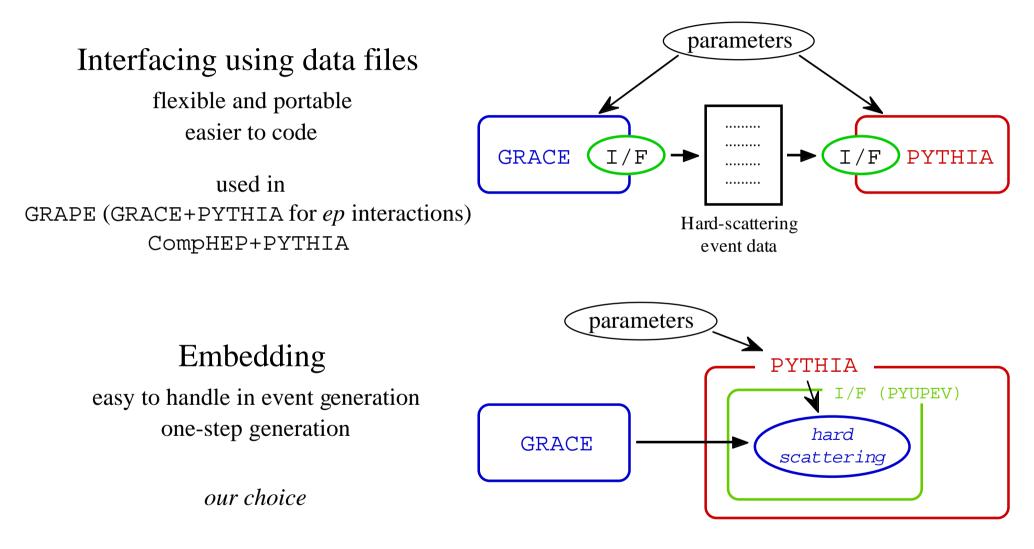
> *However,* GRACE deals with hard scattering only

→ need to add Parton Distribution Function (**PDF**) and QCD evolution (**parton radiation**)

⇒ connection to a **general-purpose event generator** e.g., **PYTHIA**, ISAJET, HERWIG



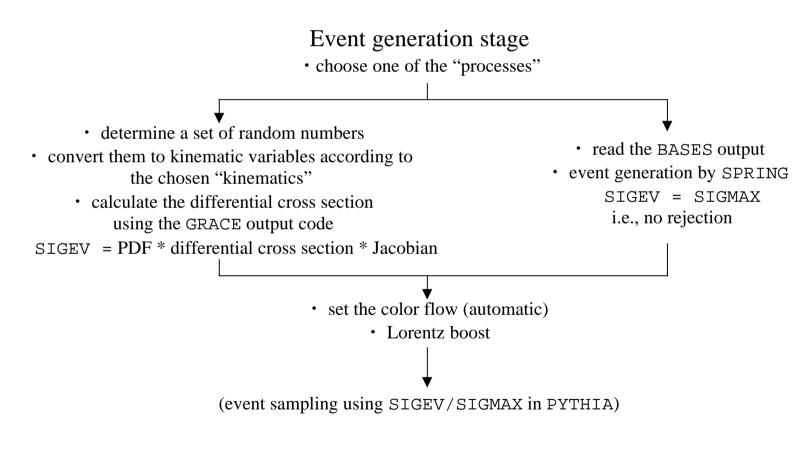
## How to connect ?



### **Kinematics** $(x_1, x_2)$ uniform random and momenta of produced numbers particles Choice of variables and mapping to the random numbers $\tau \equiv x_1 x_2, \ y \equiv \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{x_1}{x_2}$ two methods were developed and singularity-oriented choice for produced particles Functional mapping by users Grid mapping by BASES may be more efficient, if skillful detailed tuning is not required final sampling by PYTHIA event generation by SPRING

### PYUPEV

#### Initialization stage to be called by PYUPIN • calculation of "total" cross section for every "process" using BASES SIGMAX



## Processes tested

$$pp \text{ (or } p\overline{p}) \to q\gamma + X$$

$$\to Wg + X \to \mu\nu g + X$$
2/3-body

$$\rightarrow HW + X \rightarrow bb \,\mu\nu + X$$

$$\rightarrow b\overline{b}_{(QCD)}W + X \rightarrow b\overline{b}\,\mu\nu + X$$
4-body

$$\rightarrow Hb\overline{b} + X \rightarrow b\overline{b}b\overline{b} + X$$

$$4 \text{-body}$$

$$(under development)$$

## Performance (example)

 $pp \rightarrow gW^{\pm} + X$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV,  $p_{\rm T}(g) \ge 5$  GeV

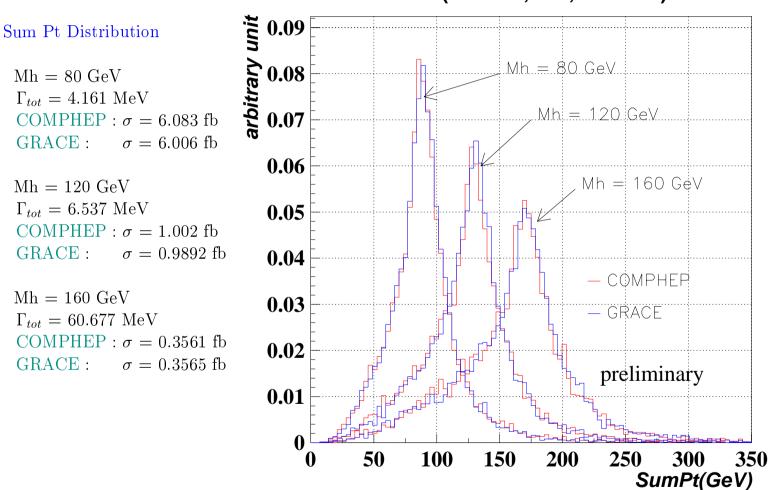
	User-defined kinematics	BASES/ SPRING	PYTHIA ISUB=16
Total cross section (nb)	$63.36 \pm 0.20$	63.43 ± 0.13	$63.17 \pm 0.20$
Generation efficiency (%)	19	35	19
CPU time for 100 k events (min)	12.5	20.3	4.6

Linux PC (Pentium II, 300 MHz)

CKM-diagonal diagrams only

Without parton radiation and hadronization/decay (another 45 min. needed for them)

 $p\overline{p} \rightarrow Hb\overline{b} + X \rightarrow b\overline{b}b\overline{b} + X$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 2$  TeV



Sum Pt (Mh = 80, 120, 160 GeV)

# Possible improvements

- Multi-process BASES/SPRING
- Automatic generation of hand-written codes
- Variable mass and coupling (reduction of the "processes" and built-in implementation of the CKM matrix)

# Summary

- We have established a technique for embedding the GRACE output codes into PYTHIA.
- This is a powerful tool for developing event generators for **multi-body production** processes in high-energy **hadron collisions**.
- Some "improvements" are planned to make the development easier.